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THE Farm Income SITUATION

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

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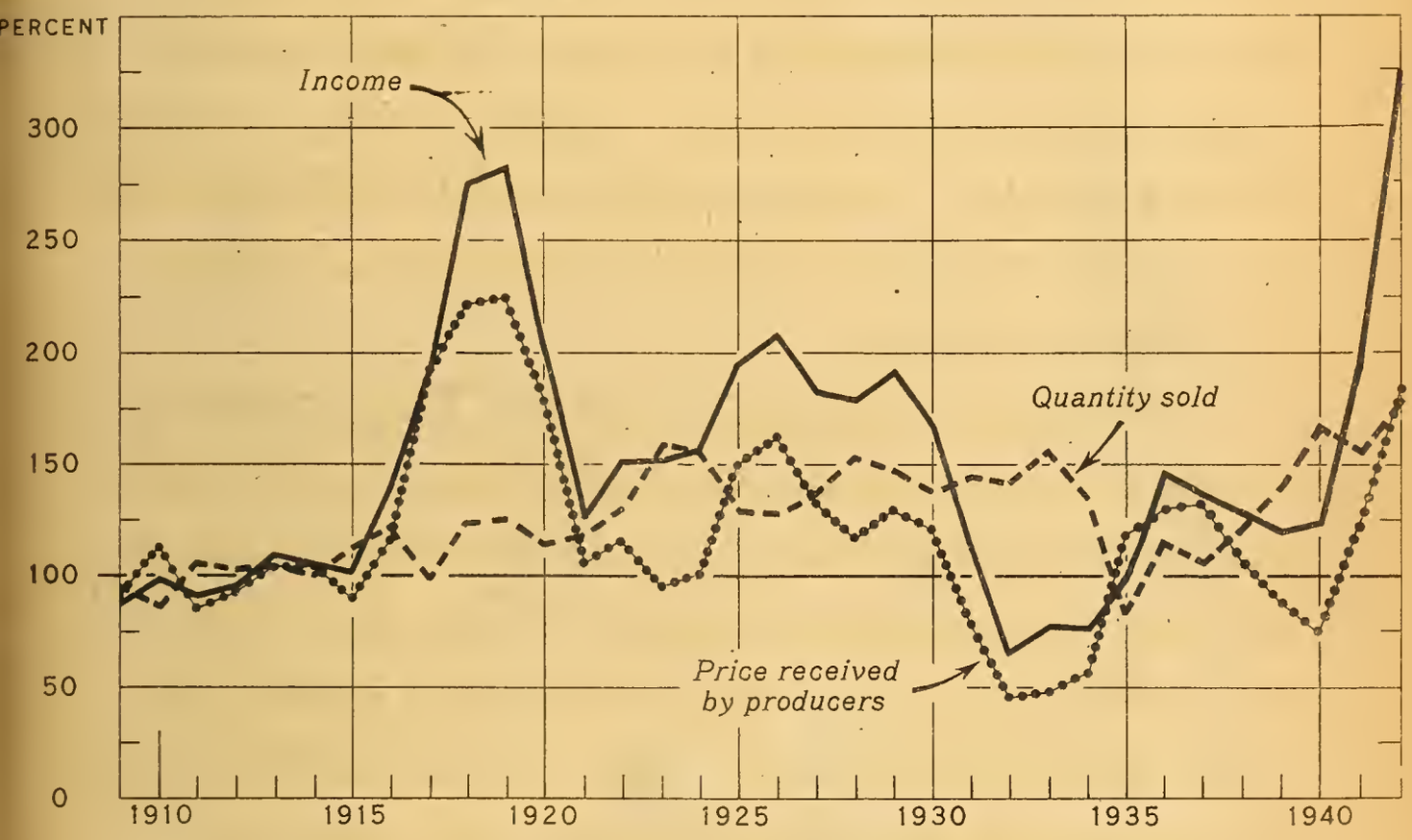

DATA FOR 1941 AND 1942 ARE PRELIMINARY

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NEG. 34406 BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Because of the sharp increase in demand for pork and lard for civilian consumption and for war purposes, together with marked increase in farm sales since the war began, income from hogs has increased more than the income from any other livestock commodity. In 1942 both the sales of hogs and the prices received by farmers were 59 percent above the 1935-39 average, and income was up more than two and one-half times. The volume of sales of hogs is likely to be somewhat greater in 1943 than in 1942 and prices are higher; hence, a further sharp increase in income is in prospect.

THE FARM INCOME SITUATION

Summary

Cash income from farm marketings continued to increase somewhat more than seasonally in March. Income from crops and livestock were both up sharply from February. Total income from farm marketings for March was estimated at 1,303 million dollars compared with 901 million dollars in March last year and a revised estimate of 1,126 million dollars in February. Income from all groups of farm products was sharply higher than a year earlier, except for tobacco, which was unchanged from last year. The largest increases in income were from oil-bearing crops, vegetables, fruits, meat animals, and poultry and eggs. Government payments in March totaled 92 million dollars compared with 81 million dollars in March last year and 79 million dollars in February.

The rationing of canned goods resulted in a large increase in the demand for fresh fruits and vegetables in March. Although March supplies of many vegetables were reduced by the freezing weather of mid-February, prices advanced sufficiently to bring about a very sharp increase in the income. Prices of fruits also advanced somewhat more than usual and sales were larger than usual in March. Income from wheat was up in March because of higher prices along with extensive redemption of loans and sale of the redeemed wheat at prices higher than the loan rate. The movement of cotton from farms also was larger than usual for March and income declined only slightly from February. Income from all meat animals except cattle made about

the usual increase from February, and returns from cattle increased more than usual. Income from poultry and eggs advanced much more than usual as sales of eggs and prices of poultry increased somewhat over those in February. As a result of these increases in income, the seasonally adjusted index of cash income from farm marketings rose from 239.5 percent of the 1935-39 average in February to 260.0 percent in March. The index of income from crops was up from 245.5 to 273.0 and from livestock and livestock products from 235.5 to 251.0

The total income from farm marketings during the first quarter of 1943 of 3,690 million dollars was 35 percent higher than in the first quarter of 1942. All groups of farm products recorded sharp increases in income. Income from oil-bearing crops was nearly three times as large as a year earlier because both prices and sales were up sharply. Income from cotton and wheat was up sharply owing to increase in income from sales and loans and also as a result of substantial net income obtained by the redemption and sale of crops placed under loan in 1942 and earlier at loan rates that were lower than current market prices. In the livestock group, poultry and eggs recorded the largest increase in income, but returns from meat animals and dairy products have also been substantially higher than returns a year earlier. Government payments of 271 million dollars in the first quarter of 1943 were identical with those in the same period of 1942.

Table 1.- Monthly cash income from farm marketings, United States, with comparisons

Source of income	Jan.-Mar. 1942	Jan.-Mar. 1943	Mar. 1942	Feb. 1943 1/	Mar. 1943 2/
	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars
Income from farm marketings	2,739	3,690	901	1,126	1,303
All crops	865	1,259	260	370	410
Food grains	71	102	21	30	32
Feed grains and hay	202	254	61	88	79
Cotton and cottonseed	121	210	22	53	51
Oil-bearing crops	26	77	11	21	31
Tobacco	68	103	8	16	8
Vegetables	201	281	65	91	114
Fruits and nuts	84	134	31	44	52
All livestock	1,874	2,431	641	756	893
Meat animals	1,031	1,336	340	413	472
Dairy products	513	608	176	199	218
Poultry and eggs	317	473	119	139	199
Government payments	271	271	81	79	92
Total income including Government payments	3,010	3,961	982	1,205	1,395

1/ Revised.
2/ Preliminary.

Index numbers of income
1935-39 = 100

(Not including Government payments)

Source of income	Mar. 1942	Dec. 1942	Jan. 1943	Feb. 1943 1/	Mar. 1943 2/
Income from farm marketings:					
Total income, unadjusted	135.5	225.5	190.0	169.5	196.0
Total income, adjusted 3/	175.0	226.5	224.0	239.5	260.0
All crops, adjusted	166.5	237.5	237.0	245.5	273.0
All livestock, adjusted	181.0	219.0	215.0	235.5	251.0
Meat animals, adjusted	196.0	243.5	222.5	260.0	271.0
Dairy products, adjusted	153.0	170.0	170.0	183.0	139.0
Poultry and eggs, adjusted	194.0	233.5	286.0	271.5	319.5
Income of industrial workers, adjusted 4/	208.2	279.3	290.8	285.8	

1/ Revised.
2/ Preliminary.
3/ Adjusted for seasonal variation.
4/ Based on pay rolls of factory workers and railroad and mining employees, adjusted for seasonal variation.

Since May 1940 the seasonally adjusted index of cash income from farm marketings has risen sharply with only minor interruptions. During most of this period of rising income the amount of increase has been fairly constant at slightly more than four points a month but in the past year it has averaged seven points. The major part of the increase has been due to advancing prices, but farm marketings have also increased sharply since 1940. At present, prospects point to a volume of agricultural production in 1943 only slightly larger than in 1942 and as more and more prices of farm products are reaching their ceilings it now appears probable that the increase in farm income during the next few months may not be much if any more than the usual seasonal amount. However, the demand for farm products is increasing, owing to rising consumer incomes and to larger requirements for military and lend-lease purposes, so that the behavior of farm income and prices over the next few months will depend in a large measure on the success of the Government, under recently expanded controls, in stabilizing prices in the face of this rising demand for farm products.

-- April 27, 1943

Cash Income in February Lower Than Year Earlier in Three States

Although the revised estimate of cash income from farm marketings in February of 1,126 million dollars was 35 percent more than a year earlier, income in three States was slightly lower than in February last year, largely because of the abnormal movement of marketings in those States. In Pennsylvania the tobacco crop is being marketed later than usual and income from tobacco was sharply lower in February, resulting in a slight decrease in income from all farm marketings. In Louisiana and Wyoming marketings of meat animals were somewhat less than a year earlier and primarily accounted for the slight decline in farm income. In all of the remaining States income was somewhat

CASH INCOME FROM FARM MARKETINGS, BY REGIONS, AVERAGE 1937-41, AND 1942-43

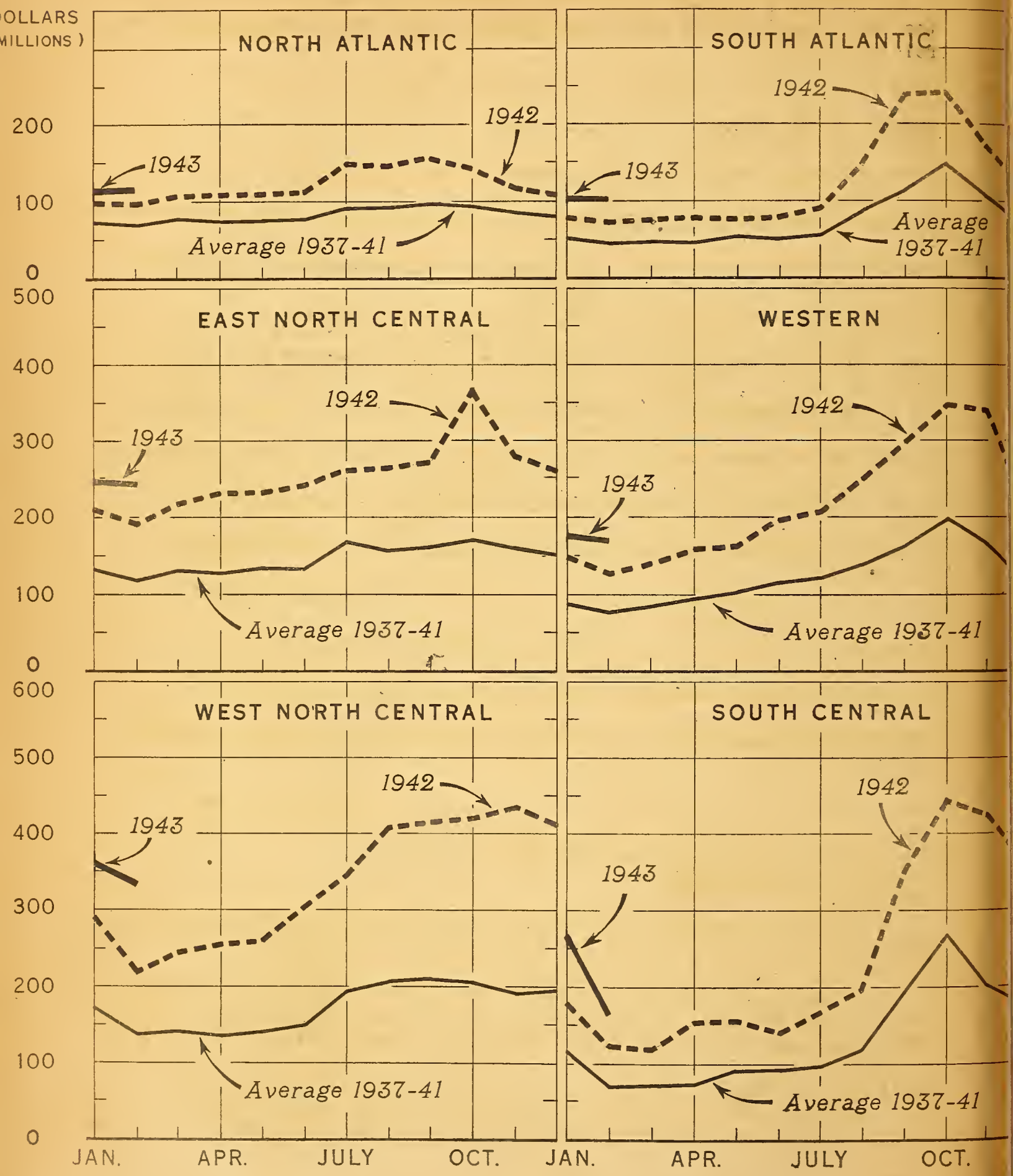

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FIGURE 1

higher than a year earlier, with the greatest increases occurring in the Great Plain States where marketings of meat animals and wheat were relatively heavy.

In the South Central region the decline in farm marketings from January to February was slightly greater than usual, as sales of cotton were relatively heavy in January; but in all of the remaining regions except the North Atlantic the decline in income from January to February was somewhat less than usual. In the North Atlantic region income increased from January to February instead of making the usual seasonal decline, as dairy and poultry prices declined less than usual and marketings of tobacco and potatoes were relatively large in February.

For the first 2 months of 1943 cash income from farm marketings was higher than a year earlier in all States except Louisiana, where it was only slightly lower. In the remaining States the increase in income ranged from 6 percent in Wyoming and Nevada to 68 percent in North Dakota. The sharp increase in income from tobacco and cotton in the South Central States was an important factor in causing this region to record the largest increase in income over the first 2 months of 1942. In this region the increase amounted to 42 percent. Income in the South Atlantic region was 37 percent higher than a year earlier and in the West North Central region it was up 35 percent.

North Atlantic Region

Cash income from farm marketings in the North Atlantic Region in February was 17 percent higher than in February last year. The larger part of the increase in income was from crops, as income from tobacco and potatoes was sharply higher than a year earlier. Larger sales of tobacco sharply increased the income in Connecticut and Massachusetts, and income in Maine was sharply higher than in February last year, mostly because of the marked increase in income from potatoes. In Pennsylvania tobacco is being sold later than usual and the sharp decline in sales in February largely accounted for the lower income from all crops. Income from livestock and livestock products was higher than a year earlier in all States and total income from farm marketings exceeded February last year in all States except Pennsylvania where it was only slightly lower.

For the first 2 months of 1943 income totaled 15 percent more than a year earlier, the increases ranging from 7 percent in New Jersey and Pennsylvania to 47 percent in Connecticut.

East North Central Region

In the East North Central Region income from both crops and livestock and livestock products during February was substantially higher than a year earlier. Total income from farm marketings was up 25 percent. The increases were fairly uniform in all States, ranging from

19 percent in Wisconsin to 31 percent in Illinois. Returns from soybeans, truck crops, hogs, and eggs recorded the largest percentage increases and accounted for a large part of the increase in total farm income.

The combined income for January and February 1943 was 22 percent higher than in the corresponding months last year. The increases in income in Michigan and Wisconsin were somewhat smaller than in the other three States in the region and amounted to 15 and 16 percent, respectively. In the three remaining States of the region larger sales of soybeans and meat animals were an important factor in increasing the income from 22 to 27 percent over the corresponding months of last year.

West North Central Region

The increase from February 1942 to February 1943 in the cash income from farm marketings was greater in the West North Central region than in any other region. Returns from grains, potatoes, and soybeans in this area were sharply higher and income from all crops was up 74 percent. Marketings of hogs and eggs also were much larger than a year earlier, and returns from livestock and livestock products were up sharply in all States. The increases in income from all farm marketings in the different States ranged from 37 percent in Minnesota and Missouri to more than 72 percent in North Dakota and Nebraska.

Returns from crops and livestock in this region for the first 2 months of 1943 also were up sharply in all States. Increases ranged from 27 percent in Minnesota to 68 percent in North Dakota. For the region as a whole cash income from farm marketings exceeded that of January and February last year by 35 percent.

South Atlantic Region

Sharp increases in income from cotton, peanuts, truck crops, and citrus fruits in the South Atlantic region resulted in a total return from crops of 60 percent more than in February last year. Income from crops was higher than a year earlier in all States and was up sharply in all States except Delaware and Maryland. Income from livestock in North and South Carolina was less than in February 1942 but in the remaining States was somewhat higher than a year earlier. Total cash income in the different States exceeded income in February last year from 18 to 55 percent and for the region as a whole was up 42 percent.

Largely because of the sharp increase in income from crops in most of the States of this region total income from farm marketings during the first 2 months of 1943 exceeded the same period of last year by 37 percent. The increase in different States ranged from 21 percent in South Carolina to 52 percent in North Carolina. The relatively small increase in income in South Carolina was due in large part to the small marketings of livestock in the first 2 months of 1943.

South Central Region

Income from farm marketings in the South Central region during February was higher than a year earlier in all States except Louisiana, where the decline in income from hogs and rice more than offset the increase in income from other products. For the region as a whole income from rice was lower than a year earlier, but income from other grains and cotton was somewhat higher and income from tobacco was about the same as a year earlier. In all States except Louisiana income from livestock was somewhat higher than a year earlier and for the region as a whole the increase amounted to about 40 percent.

For the first 2 months of this year income in all States except Louisana was up sharply, owing primarily to the larger returns from cotton and tobacco. In Louisiana income from livestock was somewhat smaller than a year earlier and in Alabama and Mississippi it was only slightly higher. However, returns from livestock for the region as a whole were 29 percent above a year earlier and total income from farm marketings was up 42 percent.

Western Region

Sharp increases in income from wheat, potatoes, apples, oranges, and truck crops resulted in a marked increase in income from crops in nearly all States of the Western region in February 1943 as compared to February 1942. Income from livestock and livestock products also was somewhat higher than a year earlier except in Wyoming where sales of sheep and lambs were substantially smaller than in February last year. Total income in Wyoming was also slightly less than a year earlier but in the remaining States the income was somewhat higher and for the region as a whole the increase totaled 36 percent.

For the first 2 months of 1943, income from crops in all States also was sharply higher than a year earlier, but returns from livestock were lower than in January and February last year in Wyoming and Nevada and only up moderately in Arizona and Oregon. For the region as a whole income from livestock was up 16 percent and income from all farm marketings totaled 26 percent more than a year earlier. In Wyoming, Nevada, Arizona, and Oregon income increased only moderately but in the remaining States the increase amounted to 20 percent or more.

1942 Cash Income from Meat Animals and Dairy Products At All-Time High

Cash income from farm marketings of all of the different species of meat animals and of dairy products reached a new all-time high in 1942. Revised estimates of cash and gross farm income for meat animals and dairy products for 1941 and preliminary estimates for 1942 are now available by States and are given in tables 4 to 7. These estimates are based upon the annual summary of production and disposition of the different livestock and livestock products.

The volume of farm marketings of the different species of meat animals all reached new high records in 1942, and prices also were substantially higher than a year earlier. The cash income of 2,305 million dollars from cattle and calves was 34 percent higher than in 1941 and was 14 percent above the previous high of 2,029 million reached in 1918. The cash income of 2,198 million dollars from hogs was 69 percent above 1941 and exceeded the previous high record of 1,911 million in 1919 by 15 percent. Income from sheep and lambs increased 36 percent from 1941 to 1942 when it amounted to 308 million dollars. The value of meat animals consumed on farms in 1942 was somewhat higher than in 1941 but was considerably below the previous record high, as there has been a definite downward trend in recent years in the quantity of livestock slaughtered for consumption on farms where produced. Hogs provide the major part of the meat produced on farms for home consumption and in 1942 the value of hogs slaughtered for home consumption was 307 million dollars or only 59 percent of the value in 1919 of 522 million dollars.

In 1942 the cash income of 2,332 million dollars from dairy products exceeded the 1941 record of 1,897 million by 23 percent. In 1942 there was a much greater than usual increase in the proportion of milk sold to plants, dealers, and so forth at wholesale, whereas the quantity of farm butter, butterfat, and milk retailed by farmers was somewhat smaller than in 1941. As a result of the expansion in the sales of milk at wholesale, income from this source was 33 percent higher than in 1941 and was 65 percent of the total income from the sale of all dairy products. The value of milk consumed on farms is greater than for any other farm product and in 1942 amounted to 452 million dollars. However, this is somewhat smaller than the record value of home consumption in 1919 of 630 million dollars and is below the average of 500 million dollars for the period 1924-29. The quantity of milk retained on farms for consumption as milk or cream has remained fairly constant for several years but the quantities used for making butter for home consumption has declined steadily and in 1942 was only about two-thirds as large as during the period 1924-29.

Table 2.- *Cash income from farm marketings, by States, February 1942-43*

STATE	CROPS		LIVESTOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS		TOTAL	
	February		February		February	
	1942	1943	1942[1]	1943	1942[1]	1943
	1,000 dollars	*1,000 dollars*	*1,000 dollars*	*1,000 dollars*	*1,000 dollars*	*1,000 dollars*
Maine	5,448	8,662	2,228	2,795	7,676	11,457
New Hampshire	531	503	1,504	2,021	2,035	2,524
Vermont	632	739	3,534	4,216	4,166	4,955
Massachusetts	1,361	2,342	4,610	5,653	5,971	7,995
Rhode Island	136	159	607	806	743	965
Connecticut	1,594	5,002	3,796	4,723	5,390	9,725
New York	10,596	12,706	23,696	26,830	34,292	39,536
New Jersey	1,221	1,261	6,469	6,922	7,690	8,183
Pennsylvania	8,551	5,964	21,512	23,822	30,063	29,786
North Atlantic	*30,070*	*37,338*	*67,956*	*77,788*	*98,026*	*115,126*
Ohio	7,661	10,029	24,668	30,554	32,329	40,583
Indiana	6,340	9,464	27,310	32,271	33,650	41,735
Illinois	17,691	22,844	42,334	56,082	60,025	78,926
Michigan	8,203	10,863	16,641	19,927	24,844	30,790
Wisconsin	3,836	3,732	37,985	45,845	41,821	49,577
East North Central	*43,731*	*56,932*	*148,938*	*184,679*	*192,669*	*241,611*
Minnesota	6,601	9,131	35,823	49,187	42,424	58,318
Iowa	12,266	18,386	65,996	97,866	78,262	116,252
Missouri	3,795	6,619	24,119	31,664	27,914	38,283
North Dakota	2,481	5,647	4,959	7,129	7,440	12,776
South Dakota	1,188	3,368	10,991	17,012	12,179	20,380
Nebraska	4,696	9,478	21,351	35,666	26,047	45,144
Kansas	4,072	8,322	22,387	32,308	26,459	40,630
West North Central	*35,099*	*60,951*	*185,626*	*270,832*	*220,725*	*331,783*
Delaware	348	389	3,377	4,420	3,725	4,809
Maryland	918	1,167	5,528	7,295	6,446	8,462
Virginia	3,647	6,375	7,023	8,952	10,670	15,327
West Virginia	804	1,232	2,179	2,773	2,983	4,005
North Carolina	6,058	11,322	6,502	6,490	12,560	17,812
South Carolina	2,438	4,355	4,111	3,402	6,549	7,757
Georgia	4,020	5,774	4,372	6,014	8,392	11,788
Florida	17,149	26,049	2,556	4,517	19,705	30,566
South Atlantic	*35,382*	*56,663*	*35,648*	*43,863*	*71,030*	*100,526*
Kentucky	6,906	7,600	7,304	10,350	14,210	17,950
Tennessee	5,851	5,910	8,087	10,921	13,938	16,831
Alabama	2,954	2,852	3,325	5,961	6,279	8,813
Mississippi	5,454	5,763	4,212	4,796	9,666	10,559
Arkansas	4,905	7,657	7,078	7,422	11,983	15,079
Louisiana	6,052	6,873	5,454	3,565	11,506	10,438
Oklahoma	4,714	7,642	10,055	14,055	14,769	21,697
Texas	19,828	25,924	21,687	37,018	41,515	62,942
South Central	*56,664*	*70,221*	*67,202*	*94,088*	*123,856*	*164,309*
Montana	1,936	3,947	5,279	6,861	7,215	10,808
Idaho	4,335	5,115	5,000	6,471	9,335	11,586
Wyoming	820	1,010	2,679	2,401	3,499	3,411
Colorado	3,111	6,144	7,649	10,504	10,760	16,648
New Mexico	1,655	2,555	1,582	2,489	3,237	5,044
Arizona	4,335	5,026	3,632	3,971	7,967	8,997
Utah	655	928	3,891	4,214	4,546	5,142
Nevada	175	311	1,301	1,366	1,476	1,677
Washington	7,151	10,380	6,576	8,866	13,727	19,246
Oregon	3,039	4,374	5,761	6,770	8,800	11,144
California	32,204	48,137	23,678	30,589	55,882	78,726
Western	*59,416*	*87,927*	*67,028*	*84,502*	*126,444*	*172,429*
U. S. Cash Income	*260,362*	*370,032*	*572,398*	*755,752*	*832,760*	*1,125,784*

[1]Revised.

Table 3.- *Cash income from farm marketings, by States, January-February 1942-43*

STATE	CROPS		LIVESTOCK AND LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS		TOTAL	
	January-February		January-February		January-February	
	1942	1943	1942[1]	1943	1942[1]	1943
	1,000 dollars	*1,000 dollars*	*1,000 dollars*	*1,000 dollars*	*1,000 dollars*	*1,000 dollars*
Maine	11,118	15,868	4,750	5,896	15,868	21,764
New Hampshire	1,049	958	3,217	4,271	4,266	5,229
Vermont	1,244	1,420	7,229	8,543	8,473	9,963
Massachusetts	2,938	4,009	9,719	11,692	12,657	15,701
Rhode Island	311	308	1,275	1,627	1,586	1,935
Connecticut	3,111	6,425	7,464	9,167	10,575	15,592
New York	22,221	24,042	49,493	56,039	71,714	80,081
New Jersey	2,570	2,514	13,304	14,545	15,874	17,059
Pennsylvania	14,177	12,218	42,761	48,918	56,938	61,136
North Atlantic	*58,739*	*67,762*	*139,212*	*160,698*	*197,951*	*228,460*
Ohio	15,462	20,311	50,467	63,566	65,929	83,877
Indiana	12,993	18,150	54,338	66,903	67,331	85,053
Illinois	39,850	45,766	92,982	116,820	132,832	162,586
Michigan	16,078	18,733	34,595	39,574	50,673	58,307
Wisconsin	8,334	8,480	77,354	91,115	85,688	99,595
East North Central	*92,717*	*111,440*	*309,736*	*377,978*	*402,453*	*489,418*
Minnesota	13,535	16,271	79,287	101,692	92,822	117,963
Iowa	31,016	38,721	157,343	201,636	188,359	240,357
Missouri	10,177	16,113	52,800	67,844	62,977	83,957
North Dakota	6,919	16,041	13,070	17,554	19,989	33,595
South Dakota	3,907	7,371	25,364	35,112	29,271	42,483
Nebraska	12,846	18,449	48,670	68,068	61,516	86,517
Kansas	8,919	18,884	47,654	66,938	56,573	85,822
West North Central	*87,319*	*131,850*	*424,188*	*558,844*	*511,507*	*690,694*
Delaware	631	725	6,157	8,457	6,788	9,182
Maryland	1,837	2,398	10,962	13,767	12,799	16,165
Virginia	9,828	15,241	14,060	17,400	23,888	32,641
West Virginia	1,907	2,677	4,569	5,892	6,476	8,569
North Carolina	13,216	25,660	11,540	11,932	24,756	37,592
South Carolina	4,233	7,803	8,046	7,050	12,279	14,853
Georgia	7,436	12,146	10,572	13,165	18,008	25,311
Florida	37,076	47,776	5,974	10,190	43,050	57,966
South Atlantic	*76,164*	*114,426*	*71,880*	*87,853*	*148,044*	*202,279*
Kentucky	36,397	63,664	15,359	20,676	51,756	84,340
Tennessee	19,740	26,301	16,069	20,780	35,809	47,081
Alabama	5,982	6,863	7,644	12,250	13,626	19,113
Mississippi	13,529	19,423	8,301	8,938	21,830	28,361
Arkansas	12,899	22,870	14,274	15,057	27,173	37,927
Louisiana	11,337	16,235	12,460	7,363	23,797	23,598
Oklahoma	12,191	16,619	21,824	28,367	34,015	44,986
Texas	47,695	73,357	46,425	69,721	94,120	143,078
South Central	*159,770*	*245,332*	*142,356*	*183,152*	*302,126*	*428,484*
Montana	3,940	7,670	10,835	13,277	14,775	20,947
Idaho	8,820	10,756	10,839	13,332	19,659	24,088
Wyoming	1,642	2,096	5,270	5,237	6,912	7,333
Colorado	7,022	12,291	16,201	20,206	23,223	32,497
New Mexico	3,865	6,531	3,472	4,675	7,337	11,206
Arizona	12,500	14,267	6,278	6,703	18,778	20,970
Utah	1,479	1,938	8,399	9,908	9,878	11,846
Nevada	391	708	3,175	3,077	3,566	3,785
Washington	14,476	21,214	15,070	18,823	29,546	40,037
Oregon	6,101	8,619	13,413	13,857	19,514	22,476
California	69,694	91,875	53,091	60,685	122,785	152,560
Western	*129,930*	*177,965*	*146,043*	*169,780*	*275,973*	*347,745*
U. S. Cash Income	*604,639*	*848,775*	*1,233,415*	*1,538,305*	*1,838,054*	*2,387,080*

[1]Revised

Table 4.- Cattle and calves: Farm income, by States, 1941-42

State	Cash income		Gross income	
	1941 1/	1942 2/	1941 1/	1942 2/
	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Maine	3,014	3,629	3,110	3,718
N. H.	1,721	2,085	1,748	2,120
Vt.	5,247	6,195	5,336	6,615
Mass.	3,333	4,112	3,395	4,188
R. I.	681	1,169	702	1,197
Conn.	2,349	3,404	2,391	3,458
N. Y.	27,486	39,831	28,344	41,015
N. J.	4,385	5,517	4,455	5,635
Pa.	29,154	39,907	30,272	41,274
Ohio	47,718	59,646	49,210	61,519
Ind.	52,434	68,838	53,496	70,122
Ill.	138,406	170,507	139,576	172,088
Mich.	34,595	42,155	35,411	43,222
Wis.	56,760	80,718	57,431	81,544
Minn.	85,243	107,627	88,019	110,963
Iowa	244,015	290,924	247,187	294,774
Mo.	101,074	127,678	101,558	128,250
N. Dak.	24,801	37,835	25,985	39,168
S. Dak.	39,953	54,159	40,724	55,244
Nebr.	94,889	134,740	96,937	137,103
Kans.	109,950	169,325	111,113	170,727
Del.	765	1,059	811	1,145
Md.	5,500	7,414	5,574	7,503
Va.	14,274	18,508	14,475	18,711
W. Va.	10,161	12,465	10,333	12,647
N. C.	5,284	7,439	5,432	7,625
S. C.	3,446	4,652	3,506	4,746
Ga.	7,584	10,003	7,682	10,124
Fla.	4,628	5,126	4,746	5,282
Ky.	27,230	39,165	27,369	39,297
Tenn.	20,737	25,077	20,843	25,219
Ala.	9,434	14,763	9,517	14,854
Miss.	11,357	15,215	11,454	15,329
Ark.	14,803	17,932	14,928	18,100
La.	12,559	13,598	12,726	13,773
Okla.	57,871	84,716	58,191	85,124
Tex.	132,986	199,803	134,013	201,037
Mont.	26,006	43,251	26,817	44,227
Idaho	14,775	19,959	15,013	20,254
Wyo.	17,472	21,056	17,913	21,530
Colo.	44,781	66,848	45,237	67,434
N. Mex.	26,552	38,594	27,069	39,174
Ariz.	19,742	27,844	20,296	28,471
Utah	10,152	14,102	10,376	14,372
Nev.	6,831	10,038	7,054	10,254
Wash.	16,438	21,043	17,106	21,921
Oreg.	18,124	25,683	18,502	26,179
Calif.	71,207	89,365	71,877	90,187
U. S.	1,717,912	2,305,019	1,745,220	2,338,463

1/ Revised.
2/ Preliminary.

Table 5. - Hogs: Farm income, by States, 1941-42

State	Cash income 1941 1/	Cash income 1942 2/	Gross income 1941 1/	Gross income 1942 2/
	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Maine	1,028	1,532	1,394	2,013
N. H.	362	439	415	660
Vt.	481	692	763	1,035
Mass.	1,895	3,044	2,293	3,457
R. I.	186	271	225	328
Conn.	354	607	577	942
N. Y.	3,710	6,441	6,221	10,176
N. J.	1,990	3,154	2,396	3,741
Pa.	12,189	19,247	18,400	27,676
Ohio	89,617	138,724	98,919	151,791
Ind.	124,137	202,678	132,089	214,153
Ill.	160,833	260,777	170,668	275,440
Mich.	25,766	39,292	29,173	44,094
Wis.	57,707	94,936	64,405	104,312
Minn.	108,730	178,619	116,741	189,544
Iowa	291,514	482,362	302,334	498,540
Mo.	92,063	146,605	103,066	162,735
N. Dak.	11,857	24,442	14,836	28,510
S. Dak.	32,332	55,128	34,944	58,614
Nebr.	46,691	94,991	51,702	101,366
Kans.	31,022	63,307	35,885	70,618
Del.	455	755	730	1,083
Md.	3,843	5,981	6,165	8,895
Va.	8,079	15,822	17,475	27,322
W. Va.	1,924	3,772	5,316	8,524
N. C.	8,204	16,100	20,736	33,238
S. C.	3,349	8,376	9,368	16,381
Ga.	11,293	25,187	23,653	41,854
Fla.	5,939	8,662	7,692	10,904
Ky.	18,526	37,421	29,168	52,839
Tenn.	18,042	31,148	28,644	47,066
Ala.	6,862	14,400	14,676	25,350
Miss.	3,739	8,512	10,627	18,426
Ark.	11,817	18,429	17,937	28,119
La.	6,506	11,006	10,090	15,979
Okla.	18,928	35,069	24,540	44,141
Tex.	23,274	46,843	39,239	70,233
Mont.	3,734	7,132	5,064	8,936
Idaho	9,817	15,792	10,885	17,187
Wyo.	1,146	2,420	1,704	3,116
Colo.	6,095	12,385	7,395	14,109
N. Mex.	961	2,168	1,451	2,859
Ariz.	902	1,479	1,002	1,629
Utah	2,142	4,215	2,419	4,613
Nev.	275	518	419	707
Wash.	6,601	11,636	7,824	13,347
Oreg.	7,050	11,524	7,864	12,622
Calif.	17,278	23,833	18,058	24,971
U. S.	1,301,625	2,197,873	1,517,787	2,504,695

1/ Revised.
2/ Preliminary.

Table 6.- Sheep and lambs: Farm income, by States, 1941-42

State	Cash income		Gross income	
	1941 1/	1942 2/	1941 1/	1942 2/
	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Maine	108	99	116	110
N. H.	19	37	21	39
Vt.	46	71	49	74
Mass.	21	27	22	28
R. I.	14	9	14	9
Conn.	13	28	114	29
N. Y.	1,564	1,681	1,571	1,689
N. J.	37	36	37	36
Pa.	913	1,314	919	1,322
Ohio	7,306	9,431	7,342	9,475
Ind.	5,447	7,113	5,463	7,133
Ill.	7,074	9,529	7,096	9,557
Mich.	6,271	6,362	6,293	6,389
Wis.	2,468	3,416	2,498	3,455
Minn.	9,093	12,225	9,133	12,274
Iowa	15,448	19,710	15,475	19,743
Mo.	10,919	14,503	10,944	14,534
N. Dak.	4,443	6,900	4,483	6,951
S. Dak.	7,244	10,816	7,292	10,879
Nebr.	8,356	14,846	8,388	14,892
Kans.	8,473	14,584	8,501	14,617
Del.	4	5	6	7
Md.	319	377	323	381
Va.	2,124	2,650	2,142	2,672
W. Va.	2,097	2,695	2,114	2,716
N. C.	151	143	159	152
S. C.	12	9	13	10
Ga.	22	15	26	20
Fla.	24	18	25	20
Ky.	6,719	9,967	6,737	9,086
Tenn.	2,111	2,546	2,123	2,562
Ala.	50	71	53	75
Miss.	61	55	64	59
Ark.	229	318	233	324
La.	142	140	152	152
Okla.	1,682	2,617	1,696	2,635
Tex.	13,252	20,625	13,357	20,752
Mont.	14,188	19,535	14,321	19,682
Idaho	12,474	16,096	12,606	16,240
Wyo.	13,439	16,259	13,612	16,471
Colo.	17,741	26,387	17,873	26,531
N. Mex.	5,372	6,282	5,727	6,710
Ariz.	1,818	2,008	2,400	2,712
Utah	7,417	11,086	7,598	11,287
Nev.	2,573	2,751	2,616	2,806
Wash.	3,302	4,266	3,324	4,289
Oreg.	7,121	7,925	7,196	8,008
Calif.	17,045	21,378	17,180	21,539
U. S.	226,766	308,062	229,347	311,133

1/ Revised.
2/ Preliminary.

Table 7.- Dairy products: Farm income, by States, 1941-42

State	Cash income		Gross income	
	1941 1/	1942 2/	1941 1/	1942 2/
	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars	1,000 dollars
Maine	14,382	16,530	17,642	20,104
N. H.	8,680	9,806	9,731	10,855
Vt.	31,291	37,791	32,746	39,469
Mass.	26,562	30,398	28,367	32,292
R. I.	4,130	4,638	4,360	4,859
Conn.	21,710	25,169	23,241	26,705
N. Y.	180,765	221,963	191,255	233,661
N. J.	33,294	38,008	34,934	39,860
Pa.	115,332	138,160	128,481	153,247
Ohio	92,372	113,077	106,384	128,325
Ind.	62,276	76,258	71,243	86,574
Ill.	92,985	111,198	105,142	125,248
Mich.	88,506	110,542	98,595	122,157
Wis.	229,410	278,771	239,184	289,376
Minn.	114,958	141,535	123,919	151,253
Iowa	86,525	101,023	95,727	111,647
Mo.	48,457	63,222	61,880	78,804
N. Dak.	24,188	28,417	29,046	33,622
S. Dak.	19,929	23,486	23,453	27,362
Nebr.	30,642	38,794	36,744	45,610
Kans.	39,440	49,322	46,860	57,746
Del.	3,498	4,197	4,002	4,753
Md.	24,508	29,709	27,812	33,377
Va.	22,798	28,339	40,166	47,486
W. Va.	10,881	13,458	20,733	24,330
N. C.	14,430	19,747	39,572	46,757
S. C.	6,884	9,170	19,337	22,405
Ga.	11,197	14,446	31,601	37,770
Fla.	10,777	13,329	14,105	16,613
Ky.	22,922	30,885	39,404	48,888
Tenn.	23,671	31,963	41,172	51,767
Ala.	9,101	12,853	29,716	37,527
Miss.	12,490	17,125	26,895	34,194
Ark.	13,500	17,918	27,370	32,968
La.	8,619	11,183	18,133	21,415
Okla.	30,119	38,128	42,433	52,640
Tex.	59,097	74,091	94,271	114,465
Mont.	10,306	11,964	12,772	14,491
Idaho	19,924	25,091	22,329	27,850
Wyo.	4,268	5,065	5,298	6,147
Colo.	14,653	17,711	17,526	20,947
N. Mex.	4,920	5,804	6,638	7,640
Ariz.	4,695	5,831	5,491	6,755
Utah	8,917	11,337	10,383	13,059
Nev.	1,998	2,353	2,196	2,561
Wash.	36,358	47,237	40,844	52,413
Oreg.	26,480	33,549	29,909	37,720
Calif.	114,126	141,662	119,958	148,042
U. S.	1,896,971	2,332,253	2,299,000	2,783,756

1/ Revised.
2/ Preliminary.

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